AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

Claim 1. (Currently Amended) A channel estimation device comprising:

weighting factor generating means for generating weighting factors for weighting and

averaging pilot symbols, which are time multiplexed at positions leaning in time to one side in

respective slots of a control channel, which is parallel multiplexed with a data channel; and

channel estimation value calculating means for weighting and averaging said pilot

symbols using said weighting factors and calculating a channel estimation value of data symbols

of said data channel,

wherein said weighting factors are determined according to said leaning positions of said

pilot symbols in slots of said control channel.

Claim 2. (Original) The channel estimation device as claimed in claim 1.

wherein said weighting factor generating means generates weighting factors to be used for

weighting and averaging mean values of the pilot symbols in a plurality of slots of said control

channel, and said channel estimation value calculating means weights and averages the mean

values of said pilot symbols using said weighting factors and calculates the channel estimation

value of the data symbols of said data channel.

Claim 3. (Cancelled).

Page 2 of 32

Claim 4. (Previously Presented) A channel estimation device comprising:

weighting factor generating means for generating weighting factors for weighting and averaging pilot symbols, which are time multiplexed with a control channel, which is parallel multiplexed with a data channel; and

channel estimation value calculating means for weighting and averaging said pilot symbols using said weighting factors and calculating a channel estimation value of data symbols of said data channel.

wherein said weighting factor generating means divides data symbols in a slot of said data channel into a plurality of data symbol sections, selects pilot symbols appropriate for calculating the channel estimation value of the data symbols in each of the data symbol sections, and generates the weighting factors which are [[to be]] used for weighting and averaging the pilot symbols and which vary from data symbol section to data symbol section in a slot; and said channel estimation value calculating means takes weighted average of said pilot symbols using said weighting factors and calculates the channel estimation value of the data symbols of each of the data symbol sections.

Claim 5. (Previously Presented) A channel estimation device comprising:

weighting factor generating means for generating weighting factors for weighting and averaging pilot symbols, which are time multiplexed with a control channel, which is parallel multiplexed with a data channel; and

channel estimation value calculating means for weighting and averaging said pilot

symbols using said weighting factors and calculating a channel estimation value of data symbols

of said data channel.

wherein said weighting factor generating means divides the data symbols in the slots of

said data channel into a plurality of data symbol sections, selects the pilot symbols appropriate

for calculating the channel estimation value of the data symbols in each of the data symbol

sections, and generates the weighting factors to be used for weighting and averaging the pilot

symbols; and said channel estimation value calculating means takes weighted average of said

pilot symbols using said weighting factors and calculates the channel estimation value of the data

symbols of each of the data symbol sections,

wherein in order to calculate the channel estimation value of the data symbols of the last

data symbol section of the i-th (i: integer) slot and to calculate the channel estimation value of

the data symbols of the first data symbol section of the (i+1)-th slot, said weighting factor

generating means selects the same pilot symbol and generates the weighting factors to be used

for weighting and averaging the pilot symbols.

Claim 6 (Previously Presented) A channel estimation device comprising:

weighting factor generating means for generating weighting factors for weighting and

averaging pilot symbols, which are time multiplexed with a control channel, which is parallel

multiplexed with a data channel; and

channel estimation value calculating means for weighting and averaging said pilot

symbols using said weighting factors and calculating a channel estimation value of data symbols

of said data channel.

Page 4 of 32

Application No. 09/701,705 Amendment "F" dated August 13, 2007

Reply to Office Action mailed June 13, 2007

wherein the channel estimation device further comprises:

fading frequency decision means for deciding the fading frequency based on an

inner product value of said pilot symbols; and

factor altering means for altering the factors that are used in taking said weighted

average according to the fading frequency decided by said fading frequency decision

means.

Claim 7 (Cancelled).

Claim 8 (Previously Presented) A demodulation device comprising:

weighting factor generating means for generating weighting factors [[to be]] used for

weighting and averaging pilot symbols being time multiplexed at positions leaning in time to one

side in respective slots of a control channel that was parallel multiplexed together with a data

channel:

channel estimation value calculating means for weighting and averaging said pilot

symbols using said weighting factors and for calculating a channel estimation value of data

symbols of said data channel; and

channel variation compensating means for compensating channel variation of said data

symbols using the channel estimation value calculated by said channel estimation value

calculating means,

wherein said weighting factors are determined according to said leaning positions of said

pilot symbols in slots of said control channel.

Page 5 of 32

Application No. 09/701,705 Amendment "F" dated August 13, 2007 Reply to Office Action mailed June 13, 2007

Claim 18.

Claims 9-17. (Cancelled).

A channel estimation device for calculating

a channel estimation value of data symbols using pilot symbols in a channel in which said data

symbols and said pilot symbols are time multiplexed, said channel estimation device comprising:

weighting factor generating means for dividing data symbols in a slot of said channel into

a plurality of data symbol intervals, selecting pilot symbols suitable for calculation of a channel

estimation value of data symbols during each data symbol interval and generating weighting

factors which are to be used for weighting and averaging the pilot symbols and which vary from

data symbol interval to data symbol interval in a slot; and

(Previously Presented)

channel estimation value calculating means for weighting and averaging said pilot

symbols using said weighting factors and calculating a channel estimation value of data symbols

during each data symbol interval.

Claim 19. (Previously Presented) A channel estimation device for calculating

a channel estimation value of data symbols using pilot symbols in a channel in which said data

symbols and said pilot symbols are time multiplexed, said channel estimation device comprising:

weighting factor generating means for dividing data symbols in a slot of said channel into

a plurality of data symbol intervals, selecting pilot symbols suitable for calculation of a channel

estimation value of data symbols during each data symbol interval and generating weighting

factors for weighting and averaging said pilot symbols; and

Page 6 of 32

channel estimation value calculating means for weighting and averaging said pilot

symbols using said weighting factors and calculating a channel estimation value of data symbols

during each data symbol interval.

wherein in order to calculate the channel estimation value of the data symbols in the last

data symbol section in the i-th (i: integer) slot and to calculate the channel estimation value of

the data symbols of the first data symbol section in the (i+1)-th slot, said weighting factor

generating means selects the same pilot symbol and generates the weighting factors to be used

for weighting and averaging said pilot symbols.

Claim 20 The channel estimation device as claimed in (Previously Presented)

claim 18, wherein said weighting factor generating means generates the weighting factors to be

used for weighting and averaging mean values of the pilot symbols for each of the plurality of

slots of said channel, and said channel estimation value calculating means takes weighted

average of the mean values of said pilot symbols using said weighting factors and calculates the

channel estimation value of the data symbols in each of the data symbol sections.

Claim 21. (Cancelled).

The channel estimation device as claimed in Claim 22 (Previously Presented)

claim 18, further comprising:

fading frequency decision means for deciding the fading frequency based on the inner

product value of said pilot symbols; and

Page 7 of 32

factor altering means for altering the factors to be used for taking said weighted

averaging according to the fading frequency decided by said fading frequency decision means.

Claim 23. (Previously Presented) A demodulation device comprising:

weighting factor generating means for dividing data symbols in a slot of a channel into

which the data symbols and pilot symbols are time multiplexed into a plurality of data symbol

sections, selecting pilot symbols appropriate for calculating a channel estimation value of the

data symbols in each of the data symbol sections, and generating weighting factors which are to

be used for weighting and averaging said pilot symbols and which vary from data symbol section

to data symbol section in a slot;

channel estimation value calculating means for weighting and averaging said pilot

symbols using said weighting factors and calculating the channel estimation value of the data

symbols in each of data symbol sections; and

channel variation compensating means for compensating channel variation of said data

symbols using the channel estimation value calculated by said channel estimation value

calculating means.

Claims 24-32. (Cancelled).

Claim 33. (Previously Presented) A channel estimation device that calculates a

channel estimation value of data symbols of a data channel using pilot symbols of a pilot channel

which is parallel multiplexed with said data channel, said channel estimation device comprising:

weighting factor generating means for dividing data symbols in said channel into a

Page 8 of 32

plurality of data symbol intervals each of which includes a plurality of data symbols, selecting

for each data symbol interval, pilot symbols suitable for calculation of a channel estimation

value, and generating for each data symbol interval, weighting factors for weighting and

averaging said pilot symbols; and

channel estimation value calculating means for weighting and averaging said pilot

symbols using said weighting factors and calculating a channel estimation value of data symbols

during each data symbol interval.

Claim 34. (Original) The channel estimation device as claimed in claim 33,

wherein said weighting factor generating means generates the weighting factors to be used for

weighting and averaging mean values of the pilot symbols in each of a plurality of sections in

said pilot channel, and said channel estimation value calculating means takes weighted average

of the mean values of said pilot symbols using said weighting factors and calculates the channel

estimation value of the data symbols in each of the data symbol sections.

Claim 35 (Previously Presented) A channel estimation device that calculates a

channel estimation value of data symbols of a data channel using pilot symbols of a pilot channel

which is parallel multiplexed with said data channel, said channel estimation device comprising:

weighting factor generating means for dividing data symbols in said channel into a

plurality of data symbol intervals, selecting pilot symbols suitable for calculation of a channel

estimation value of data symbols during each data symbol interval and generating weighting

factors for weighting and averaging said pilot symbols; and

Page 9 of 32

channel estimation value calculating means for weighting and averaging said pilot

symbols using said weighting factors and calculating a channel estimation value of data symbols

during each data symbol interval.

wherein the channel estimation device further comprises:

fading frequency decision means for deciding the fading frequency based on the inner

product value of said pilot symbols; and

factor altering means for altering the factors to be used for taking said weighted average

according to the fading frequency decided by said fading frequency decision means.

Claim 36 (Previously Presented) A channel estimation method for calculating

a channel estimation value of data symbols of a data channel using pilot symbols of a pilot

channel that was parallel multiplexed together with said data channel, comprising the steps of:

dividing the data symbols of said data channel into a plurality of data symbol sections.

selecting pilot symbols appropriate for calculating the channel estimation value of the data

symbols in each of the data symbol sections, and generating weighting factors to be used for

weighting and averaging the pilot symbols; and

weighting and averaging said pilot symbols using said weighting factors and calculating

the channel estimation value of the data symbols in each of the data symbol sections,

wherein a transmission rate of said data channel differs from a transmission rate of said

pilot channel.

Claim 37 (Previously Presented) A demodulation device comprising:

weighting factor generating means for dividing data symbols of a data channel into a

plurality of data symbol sections each of which includes a plurality of data symbols, selecting for

each data symbol section, pilot symbols of a pilot channel that was parallel multiplexed together

with said data channel, appropriate for calculating a channel estimation value, and generating for

each data symbol section, weighting factors to be used for weighting and averaging the pilot

symbols:

channel estimation value calculating means for weighting and averaging said pilot

symbols using said weighting factors and calculating the channel estimation value of the data

symbols of each of the data symbol sections; and

channel variation compensating means for compensating the channel variation of said

data symbols using the channel estimation value calculated by said channel estimation value

calculating means.

Claims 38-46. (Cancelled).

Claim 47 (Previously Presented) A method for estimating a channel,

comprising the steps of:

generating weighting factors to be used for weighting and averaging pilot symbols being

time multiplexed at positions leaning in time to one side in respective slots of a control channel

that was parallel multiplexed together with a data channel; and

averaging said pilot symbols using said weighting factors and calculating a channel

estimation value of data symbols of said data channel,

Page 11 of 32

Application No. 09/701,705 Amendment "F" dated August 13, 2007

Reply to Office Action mailed June 13, 2007

wherein said weighting factors are determined according to said leaning positions of said

pilot symbols in slots of said control channel.

Claim 48. (Cancelled).

Claim 49. (Previously Presented) A channel estimation method for calculating

a channel estimation value of data symbols using pilot symbols in a channel in which said data

symbols and pilot symbols are time multiplexed, comprising the steps of:

dividing data symbols in a slot of said channel into a plurality of data symbol sections,

selecting pilot symbols appropriate for acquiring the channel estimation value of the data

symbols in each of the data symbol sections, and generating weighting factors which are to be

used for weighting and averaging the pilot symbols and which vary from data symbol section to

data symbol section in a slot; and

weighting and averaging said pilot symbols using said weighting factors and calculating

the channel estimation value of the data symbols in each of the data symbol sections.

Claims 50-52. (Cancelled).

Claim 53 (Original) A demodulation device comprising:

channel estimating means for deriving N (N is natural number greater than or equal to

two) in number of channel estimation values by weighted averaging of pilot signals in time using

N in number of weighted sequences;

Page 12 of 32

compensating means for compensating data sequences using said respective channel estimation values:

DAKE ----Lining ------ for DAKE -----Lining ---

RAKE combining means for RAKE combining respective of said N data sequences after compensation; and

compensation, and

reliability judgment means for selecting one data sequence having highest reliability from said N data sequences after RAKE combination.

Claim 54. (Original) A demodulation device comprising:

channel estimating means for deriving N (N is natural number greater than or equal to two) in number of channel estimation values by weighted averaging of pilot signal in time using N in number of weighted sequences for data sequences of predetermined frame number:

compensating means for compensating data sequence using said respective channel estimation values:

RAKE combining means for RAKE combining of said N data sequences after compensation; and

reliability judgment means for selecting N' (N': natural number, N' < N) in number of weighting sequences from said N data sequence after RAKE combining and selecting one data sequence having the highest reliability from N data sequences,

selection of said N' weighting sequences being performed per a predetermined period, for remaining data sequences until performing said reliability judgment again said channel estimation means deriving N' channel estimation value by weighted averaging in time using N' weighting sequences, said compensating means compensating data sequences using N' channel estimation values, said RAKE combining means RAKE combining respective of N' data

sequences after compensation, and said reliability judgment means selecting one data sequence

having the highest reliability from said N' data sequences.

Claim 55. (Previously Presented) The demodulation device as claimed in

claim 53 or 54, wherein said reliability judging means for judging reliability of said data

sequence comprises:

error-correction decoding means for performing error-correction decoding of the

data sequence after said RAKE combination;

CRC (Cyclic Redundancy Check) bit extracting means for extracting CRC bits

added to said data sequence;

CRC decoding means for decoding the CRC for said data sequence;

frame error detecting means for detecting the presence or absence of a frame error

based on a decoding result of said CRC;

number-of-frame-error counting means for counting said number of the frame

errors in a previously-determined measuring time; and

weight sequence and data selecting means for selecting the weight sequence

having high reliability and the data sequence that is demodulated using the weight

sequence so selected based on said counting result of the frame errors.

Claim 56. (Previously Presented) The demodulation device as claimed in

claim 53 or 54, wherein said reliability judging means for judging reliability of the data sequence

comprises:

Page 14 of 32

error-correction decoding means for performing error-correction decoding of the

data sequence after said RAKE combination;

likelihood information extracting means for extracting likelihood information that

is calculated when performing the error-correction decoding of each of the data

sequences;

likelihood averaging means for averaging said extracted likelihood information

for a previously-determined measuring time; and

weight sequence and data selecting means for selecting the weight sequence

having high reliability and the data sequence that is demodulated using the weight

sequence so selected based on said averaged likelihood information.

Claim 57. (Previously Presented) The demodulation device as claimed in

claim 53 or 54, wherein said reliability judging means for judging reliability of the data sequence

comprises:

electric power calculating means for calculating electric power of each of the data

sequences after said RAKE combination:

electric power averaging means for averaging said calculation result of the

electric power for a previously-determined measuring time; and

weight sequence and data selecting means for selecting the weight sequence

having high reliability and data sequence that is demodulated using the weight sequence

so selected based on said averaged electric power.

Page 15 of 32

Claim 58.

(Previously Presented) The demodulation device as claimed in

claim 53 or 54.

wherein said reliability judging means for judging reliability of the data sequence

comprises:

signal-to-noise ratio(ratio of a signal power to a noise power) calculating means

for calculating a signal-to-noise ratio of each of the data sequences after said RAKE

combination;

signal-to-noise ratio averaging means for averaging the calculation result of said

signal-to-noise ratio for a previously-determined measuring time; and

weight sequence and data selecting means for selecting the weight sequence

having high reliability and the data sequence that is demodulated using the weight

sequence so selected based on said averaged signal-to-noise ratio.

Claim 59. (Previously Presented) The demodulation device as claimed in

claim 53 or 54, wherein said reliability judging means for judging reliability of the data sequence

comprises:

error-correction decoding means for performing error-correction decoding of the

data sequence after said RAKE combination;

CRC bit extracting means for extracting CRC bits added to said data sequence;

CRC decoding means for decoding the CRC for said data sequence;

frame error detecting means for detecting the presence or absence of a frame error

based on a decoding result of said CRC;

number-of-frame-error counting means for counting the number of said frame

errors in a previously-determined measuring time;

likelihood information extracting means for extracting likelihood information that

is calculated when performing error-correction decoding of each of the data sequences;

likelihood averaging means for averaging said extracted likelihood information

for a previously-determined measuring time; and

weight sequence and data selecting means for selecting the weight sequence

having high reliability and the data sequence that is demodulated using the weight

sequence so selected based on said counted number of frame errors of the plurality of

data sequences and said averaged likelihood information.

Claim 60. (Previously Presented) The demodulation device as claimed in

claim 53 or 54, wherein said reliability judging means for judging reliability of the data sequence

comprises:

error-correction decoding means for performing error-correction decoding of the

data sequence after said RAKE combination;

CRC bit extracting means for extracting CRC bits added to said data sequence;

CRC decoding means for decoding the CRC for said data sequence;

frame error detecting means for detecting the presence or absence of a frame error

based on a decoding result of said CRC;

number-of-frame-error counting means for counting said number of the frame

errors in a previously-determined measuring time;

Page 17 of 32

electric power calculating means for calculating electric power of each of the data

sequences after said RAKE combination;

electric power averaging means for averaging said calculation result of the

electric power for a previously-determined measuring time; and

weight sequence and data selecting means for selecting the weight sequence

having high reliability and the data sequence that is demodulated using the weight

sequence so selected based on said number of frame errors and said averaged electric

power.

Claim 61. (Previously Presented) The demodulation device as claimed in

claim 53 or 54, wherein said reliability judging means for judging reliability of the data sequence

comprises:

error-correction decoding means for performing error-correction decoding of the

data sequence after said RAKE combination;

CRC bit extracting means for extracting CRC bits added to said data sequence;

CRC decoding means for decoding the CRC for said data sequence;

frame error detecting means for detecting the presence or absence of a frame error

based on a decoding result of said CRC;

number-of-frame-error counting means for counting said number of the frame

errors in a previously-determined measuring time;

signal-to-noise ratio calculating means for calculating a signal-to-noise ratio (ratio

of a signal power to a noise power) of each of the data sequences after said RAKE

combination:

Page 18 of 32

signal-to-noise ratio averaging means for averaging the calculation result of said

signal-to-noise ratio for a previously-determined measuring time; and

weight sequence and data selecting means for selecting weight sequence having

high reliability and the data sequence that is demodulated using the weight sequence so

selected based on said number of frame errors and said averaged signal-to-noise ratio.

Claim 62. (Original) A demodulation device comprising:

channel estimating means for weighted averaging of reception pilot signal using a

plurality of weighting sequences and deriving a plurality of channel estimation values;

demodulating means for inputting data sequences and outputting a plurality of

demodulated data sequences using said plurality of channel estimation values; and

reliability judging means for selecting one demodulated data by making judgment of

reliability of said plurality of demodulated data sequences.

Claim 63 (Original) The demodulation device as claimed in claim 62, wherein

said reliability judging means comprises selecting means for selecting predetermined

number of the weight sequences from among said plurality of weight sequences based on a

judgment result of reliability of said plurality of demodulated data sequences, and

said demodulating means performs the demodulation using only said predetermined

number of the weight sequences, when said predetermined number of the weight sequences were

selected

Application No. 09/701,705 Amendment "F" dated August 13, 2007 Reply to Office Action mailed June 13, 2007

Claim 64. (Previously Presented) The demodulation device as claimed in any

one of claims 53, 54 or 62, wherein said pilot signals are time multiplexed in a control channel

that was parallel multiplexed together with a data channel in which said data sequence is

contained.

Claim 65. (Previously Presented) The demodulation device as claimed in any

one of claims 53, 54 or 62, wherein said pilot signals are time multiplexed in one channel

together with said data sequence.

Claim 66. (Original) The demodulation device as described in claim 65, wherein

said channel estimating means divides the data sequence in the slots of said channel into a

plurality of data sequence sections, selects pilot signals appropriate for calculating the channel

estimation value of the data in each of the data sequence sections, and calculates the channel

estimation value of the data of each of the data sequence sections by weighting and averaging the

selected pilot signals.

Claim 67. (Previously Presented) The demodulation device as claimed in any

one of claims 53, 54 or 62, wherein said pilot signals are contained in a pilot channel that was

parallel multiplexed together with the data channel containing said data sequence.

Claim 68. (Original) The demodulation device as claimed in claim 67, wherein

said channel estimating means divides said data sequence into a plurality of data sequence

sections, selects pilot signals appropriate for calculating the channel estimation value of the data

Page 20 of 32

in each of the data sequence sections, and calculates the channel estimation value of the data in each of the data sequence sections by weighting and averaging the selected pilot signals.

Claim 69. (Previously Presented) A demodulation method comprising:

the step of obtaining N pieces of channel estimation values by time-weighting and averaging pilot signals using N (N: natural number greater than or equal to 2) sets of weight sequences;

the step of compensating data sequence using each of said channel estimation values;

the step of RAKE combining each of the N sets of the data sequences after said compensation; and

the reliability judgment step of selecting one set of the data sequences having the highest reliability from among the N sets of the data sequences after said RAKE combination.

Claim 70. (Original) A demodulation method comprising:

the step of obtaining N (N: natural number greater than or equal to 2) pieces of channel estimation values by time-weighting and averaging pilot signals using N sets of weight sequences with respect to a previously-determined number of frames of data sequence;

the step of compensating the data sequence using each of said channel estimation values;

the step of RAKE combining each of N sets of the data sequences after said compensation; and

the reliability judgment step of selecting N' (N': natural number; N'<N) sets of the weight sequences having high reliability from among said N sets of the data sequences after said

RAKE combination and selecting one set of data sequence having the highest reliability from

among the N sets of the data sequences after said RAKE combination,

wherein the selection of said N' sets of the weight sequences is conducted at regular

intervals, and throughout a period up to a time when said judgment of reliability is made next

time, with respect to remaining part of the data sequence, in said step of estimating the channel,

N' pieces of the channel estimation values are obtained by time-weighting and averaging the data

sequence using the N' sets of the weight sequences; in said step of compensating, the data

sequence is compensated using the N° pieces of the channel estimation values; in said step of the

RAKE combination, each of the N' sets of the data sequences after the compensation is RAKE

combined; and in said reliability judgment step, one set of the data sequence having the highest

reliability is selected from among the N' sets of the data sequences.

Claim 71 (Original) The demodulation method as claimed in claim 69 or 70,

wherein said reliability judgment step comprises the steps of:

error-correction decoding the data sequence after said RAKE combination;

extracting CRC bits added to said data sequence:

decoding the CRC with respect to said data sequence;

detecting the presence or absence of a frame error based on said demodulation result of

the CRC:

counting the number of said frame errors in a previously-determined measuring time; and

selecting the weight sequence having high reliability and the data sequence that is

demodulated using the weight sequence so selected based on said counting result of the frame

errors

Page 22 of 32

Claim 72. (Original) The demodulation method as claimed in claim 69 or 70, wherein said reliability iudement step comprises the steps of:

error-correction decoding the data sequence after said RAKE combination;

extracting likelihood information calculated when performing error-correction decoding of each of the data sequence:

averaging said extracted likelihood information for a previously-determined measuring time; and

selecting the weight sequence having high reliability and the data sequence that is demodulated using the weight sequence so selected based on said averaged likelihood information.

Claim 73. (Original) The demodulation method as claimed in claim 69 or 70, wherein said reliability judgment step comprises the steps of:

calculating electric power of each of the data sequences after said RAKE combination;

averaging the calculation result of said electric power for a previously-determined measuring time; and

selecting the weight sequence having high reliability and the data sequence that is demodulated using the weight sequence so selected based on said averaged electric power.

Claim 74. (Original) The demodulation method as claimed in claim 69 or 70, wherein said reliability judgment step comprises the steps of:

calculating a signal-to-noise ratio of each of the data sequences after said RAKE

combination:

averaging the calculation result of said signal-to-noise ratios for a previously-determined

measuring time; and

selecting the weight sequence having high reliability and the data sequence that is

demodulated using the weight sequence so selected based on said averaged signal-to-noise ratio.

Claim 75 The demodulation method as claimed in claim 69 or 70, (Original)

wherein said reliability judgment step comprises the steps of:

performing error-correction decoding of the data sequences after said RAKE

combination:

extracting CRC bits added to said data sequence;

decoding the CRC with respect to said data sequence;

detecting the presence or absence of a frame error based on said decoding result of the

CRC:

counting said number of the frame errors in a previously-determined measuring time:

extracting likelihood information that is calculated when performing error-correction d

decoding of each of the data sequences;

averaging said extracted likelihood information for a previously-determined measuring

time: and

selecting the weight sequence having high reliability and the data sequence that is

demodulated using the weight sequence so selected based on said measured number of the frame

errors of the plurality of the data sequences and said averaged likelihood information.

Page 24 of 32

Claim 76. (Original) The demodulation method as claimed in either of claim 69

error-correction decoding said data sequences after said RAKE combination;

extracting CRC bits added to said data sequence;

decoding the CRC with respect to said data sequence;

or 70, wherein said reliability judgment step comprises the steps of:

detecting the presence or absence of a frame error based on the decoding result of said CRC:

counting the number of said frame errors in a previously-determined measuring time;

calculating electric power of each of received data sequences after said RAKE combination:

averaging the calculation result of said electric power for a previously-determined measuring time; and

selecting the weight sequence having high reliability and the data sequence that is demodulated using the weight sequence so selected based on said number of frame errors and said averaged electric power.

Claim 77. (Original) The demodulation method of as claimed in claim 69 or 70, wherein said reliability judgment step comprises the steps of:

error-correction decoding said data sequences after said RAKE combination;

extracting CRC bits added to said data sequence;

decoding the CRC with respect to said data sequence;

detecting the presence or absence of a frame error based on the decoding result of said

CRC:

counting the number of said frame errors in a previously-determined measuring time;

calculating a signal-to-noise ratio of each of the data sequences after said RAKE

combination:

averaging calculation result of said signal-to-noise ratios for a previously-determined

measuring time; and

selecting the weight sequence having a high reliability and the data sequence that is

demodulated with the weight sequence so selected based on the number of said frame errors and

said averaged signal-to-noise ratio.

Claim 78. (Original) A demodulation method comprising the steps of:

weighting and averaging pilot signals using a plurality of weight sequences to obtain a

plurality of channel estimation values;

deriving a plurality of demodulated data sequences from a data sequence using said

plurality of channel estimation values; and

selecting one output data sequence by making judgment of reliability of said plurality of

demodulated data

Claim 79. (Original) The demodulation method as claimed in claim 78, wherein,

based on the judgment result of reliability of said plurality of demodulated data sequences, a

predetermined number of weight sequences are selected from among said plurality of weight

Page 26 of 32

Application No. 09/701,705 Amendment "F" dated August 13, 2007

Reply to Office Action mailed June 13, 2007

sequences, and after the selection, demodulation through the use of only the selected weight

sequences is performed.

Claim 80. (Previously Presented) The demodulation method as claimed in any

one of claims 69, 70 or 78, wherein said pilot signals are time multiplexed into a control channel

that is parallel multiplexed together with a data channel in which said data sequence is contained.

Claim 81 (Previously Presented) The demodulation method as claimed in any

one of claims 69, 70 or 78, wherein said pilot signals are time multiplexed into one channel

together with said data sequence.

Claim 82. (Original) The demodulation method as claimed in claim 81, wherein

said step of estimating a channel divides said data sequence in the slots of said channel into a

plurality of data sequence sections, selects pilot signals appropriate for calculating the channel

estimation value of the data of each of the data sequence sections, and calculates a channel

estimation value of the data of each of the data sequence sections by weighting and averaging the

selected pilot signals.

Claim 83 (Previously Presented) The demodulation method as claimed in any

one of claims 69, 70 or 78, wherein said pilot signals are contained in a pilot channel that was

parallel multiplexed together with a data channel containing said data sequence.

Page 27 of 32

Claim 84. (Original) The demodulation method as claimed in claim 83, wherein

said step of estimating a channel divides said data sequence into a plurality of data sequence

sections, selects pilot signals appropriate for calculating the channel estimation value of the data

in each of the data sequence sections, and calculates the channel estimation value of the data of

each of the data sequence sections by weighting and averaging the selected pilot signals.

Claim 85. (Previously Presented) A channel estimation device for calculating

a channel estimation value of data symbols using pilot symbols in a channel in which said data

symbols and said pilot symbols are time multiplexed, said channel estimation device comprising:

weighting factor generating means for dividing data symbols in a slot of said channel into

a plurality of data symbol intervals, selecting pilot symbols suitable for calculation of a channel

estimation value of data symbols during each data symbol interval and generating weighting

factors for weighting and averaging said pilot symbols; and

channel estimation value calculating means for weighting and averaging said pilot

 $symbols\ using\ said\ weighting\ factors\ and\ calculating\ a\ channel\ estimation\ value\ of\ data\ symbols$

during each data symbol interval,

wherein said pilot symbols are time multiplexed at positions leaning in time to one side in

respective slots of said channel, and

said weighting factors are determined according to said leaning positions of said pilot

symbols in slots of said channel.

Page 28 of 32